Residential Lease for Single Family Home or Duplex



INSTRUCTIONS:

Licensee: Give this disclosure to the Landlord prior to your assisting with the completion of the attached Lease.

Licensee: As the person assisting with the completion of the attached form, insert your name in the first (5) blank "Name"

3, Licensee: SIGN the disclosure below.

Landlord/Owner and Tenant: Check the applicable provision regarding English contained in the disclosure and SIGN below. 4.

Licensee: Retain a copy for your files for at least 6 years. Landlord/Owner and Tenant: Retain a copy for your files. This 5. disclosure does not act as or constitute a waiver, disclaimer or limitation of liability.

THIS FORM WAS COMPLETED WITH THE ASSISTANCE OF:

| | , |
|--|---|
| Glory Velez | DecoNova International Realty |
| Licensee Name | Name of Brokerage/Business |
| 12001 SW 128th Ct Suite 203, Miami, Fl 33186 Address | (786) 439-5190 Phone Number |
| DISCLOSURE: | |
| Glory Velez | told me that he/she is a nonlawyer and may not give |
| (Name) legal advice, cannot tell me what my rights or remedies are, canno | of tell me how to testify in court, and cannot represent me in court. |
| Rule 10-2.1(b) of the Rules Regulating the Florida Bar defines a part the Florida Bar and who performs specifically delegated substantive Only persons who meet the definition may call themselves paralegal | alegal as a person who works under the supervision of a member of |
| Glory Velez | |
| (Name) by the rule and cannot call himself/herself a paralegal. | informed me that he/she is not a paralegal as defined |
| Glory Velez | hald me the state of the state |
| (Name) information provided by me in writing into the blanks on the form. | told me that he/she may only help me type the factual |
| Glory Velez | |
| (Name) the form for me. | may not help me fill in the form and may not complete |
| If using a form approved by the Supreme Court of Florida, Glory | 1/ldV |
| ask me factual questions to fill in the blanks on the form and may also | (Name) tell me how to file the form. |
| Landlord/Owner: | Tenant: |
| I can read English. I cannot read English but this notice was read to me by | 1 can read English. I cannot read English but this notice was read to me by |
| Glory Velez in Spanis | • |
| Glory Voley Linor (Landlord Sig Linor Elya | Elya D |

This form is available for use by the entire real estate industry and is not intended to identify the user as a REALTOR. REALTOR is a registered collective membership mark that may be used only by real estate licensees who are members of the National Association of REALTORS and who subscribe to its Code of Ethics. The copyright laws of the United States (17 U.S. Code) forbid the unauthorized reproduction of blank forms by any means including facsimile or computerized forms.

Residential Lease for Single Family Home or Duplex



| | (FOR A TERM NOT TO EXCEED ONE YEAR) | |
|--|---|---|
| A BOX (\square) OR A BLANK SPACE (PARTIES. |) INDICATES A PROVISION WHERE A CHOICE OR | DECISION MUST BE MADE BY THE |
| GOVERNED OF CHAPTER 83, PAR | T LEGAL OBLIGATIONS. MANY RIGHTS AND RESPON IT II, RESIDENTIAL LANDLORD AND TENANT ACT, FLO NANT ACT IS ATTACHED TO THIS LEASE. | SIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES ARE RIDA STATUTES. A COPY OF THE |
| 1. PARTIES. This is a lease ("the Lea | ase") between(name and address of owner of th | |
| Tif-Fk-B Hfs Llc, Po Box 630 | · | , |
| | 333, Miailii, FL 33103 | ("Landlord") and |
| Reinier Rodriguez | (name(s) of person(s) to whom the property is leased) | ("Tenant"). |
| Landlord's E-mail Address: | lelya@timgmt.com | |
| Landlord's Telephone Number: | (305) 871-7841 ext 7012 | |
| Tenant's E-mail Address: | rodriguez.home37@yahoo.es | |
| Tenant's Telephone Number: | (786) 210-6719 | |
| | ases to Tenant the land and buildings located at | |
| | and buildings located at | (street address) |
| 26164 SW 123rd Ct, Homesto | ead | , Florida 33032-7011 (zip code) |
| leased, including furniture and appliant Refrigerator, stove, dishwasi | ner, microwave, washer, and dryer | |
| The Premises shall be occupied only b | y the Tenant and the following persons: | |
| | term, not to exceed twelve months, beginning on Fe (the "Lease Term"). | ebruary 1, 2015 and (month, day, year) |
| l. RENT PAYMENTS, TAXES AND ease Term. The rent shall be payable | CHARGES. Tenant shall pay rent in the amount of \$ 16, by Tenant in advance in installments or in full as provided in | 800.00 (excluding taxes) for the the options below: |
| in installments. If in installments, re | ent shall be payable | |
| monthly, on the 1 | day of each month (if left blank, on the first day | of each month) in the amount of |
| \$1400.00 per installmen | | • • |
| weekly, on the | day of each week. (If left blank, on Monday of each week | .) in the amount of \$ |
| andlord (∠E) () and Tenant (RLHD-3 Rev. 4/10 ⊚2010 Approv | AA) () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page ed for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of The Rules Regulating the | which is Page 1 of 7 |

| in full on in the (date) | amount of \$ | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|---|--|
| Tenant shall also be obligated to pay taxes on the rent | when applicable in the a | amount of | f.\$_ 0 | _ |
| with the rent for the full term of the Lease. Landlord | will notify Tenant if the a | amount of | | |
| Payment Summary | | | - | |
| ☑ If rent is paid in installments, the total payment | per installment includi | ng taxes | shall be in the | amount of \$ <u>1400.00</u> . |
| \square If rent is paid in full, the total payment including | taxes shall be in the a | mount of | f \$ | * |
| All rent payments shall be payable to Tif-Fk-B Hfs | Llc | | name) | at |
| PO Box 630535, Miami, FI 33163 | | () []. (l | name) f left blank, to La | andlord at Landlord's address.) |
| (address) If the tenancy starts on a day other than the first of | | | | |
| January 9, 2015 through Januar (date) | ry 31, 2015 (date) | _ in the | amount of \$10 | 73.41 and shall be due |
| on January 9, 2015 . (If rent paid m | onthly, prorate on a 30-c | lay month | n.) | |
| Tenant shall make rent payments required under the Le cashier's check, or other means other than cash, payment is not considered made | ease by (choose all appli | icable) [| cash, per per (specify). If the lected. | rsonal check, 🔀 money order, e payment is accepted by any |
| If Tenant makes a rent payment with a worthless che order, cashier's check, or official bank check or and to pay bad check fees in the amount of \$_Statutes). | eck, Landlord can requi | re Tenani | t 🗷 to pay all t | future payments by 🔀 money |
| 5. MONEY DUE PRIOR TO OCCUPANCY. Tenant soccupying the Premises. Tenant shall not be entitled to been paid. If no date is specified below, then funds sha after occupancy, shall be paid accordingly. Any funds d | o move in or to keys to t Il be due prior to Tenant | he Premis | ses until all mon cv. Anv funds de | ey due prior to occupancy has |
| to Linor Elya (305) 871-7841 ext 7012 | | | | |
| at _PO Box 630535, Miami, FI 33163 | (name) | Ser | | |
| at 10 DOX 030000, Martin, 11 33 103 | (address) | | | • |
| First M month's week's rent plus applicable taxes | \$ <u>1400.00</u> | _ due | February 1 | , 2015 |
| Prorated rent plus applicable taxes | \$ | _ due | *************************************** | |
| Advance rent for \square month \square week of | | | | |
| plus applicable taxes | \$ | _ due | - | Manager of the state of the sta |
| Last \square month's \square week's rent plus applicable taxes | \$ | due | | |
| Security deposit | \$ <u>1400.00</u> | due | January 2, | 2015 |
| Additional security deposit | \$ | due | | |
| Security deposit for homeowner's association | \$ | due | | |
| Pet Deposit | \$ | due | - | |
| Other Administration Fee | \$ _50 | due | January 9, | 2015 |
| Other Eviction fee plus court cost if appl. | \$ <u>250.00</u> | due | only if appl | licable |
| Landlord (£) () and Tenant (R) () RLHD-3 Rev. 4/10 ©2010 Approved for use under n | acknowledge receipt o ule 10-2.1(a) of The Rule | f a copy s Regula | of this page wh ting the Florida t | nich is Page 2 of 7 Bar |

| 6. LATE FEES. (Complete if applicable) In addition to rent, Tenant shall pay a late charge in the amount of \$140 (If left blank, 4% of the rent payment) for each rent payment made days after the day it is due (if left blank, 5 days if rent is paid monthly, 1 day if rent is paid weekly). |
|---|
| 7. PETS AND SMOKING. Unless this box [] is checked or a pet deposit is paid, Tenant may not keep pets or animals on the Premises. If Tenant may keep pets, the pets described in this paragraph are permitted on the Premises. |
| (Specify number of pets, type(s), breed, maximum adult weight of pets.) |
| Unless this box is checked, no smoking is permitted in the Premises. |
| 8. NOTICES. |
| Linor Elya (305) 871-7841 ext 7012 is Landlord's Agent. All notices must be sent to |
| Landlordat |
| ★ Landlord's Agent <u>Linor Elya (305) 871-7841 ext 7012</u> at <u>PO Box 630535, Miami, FI 33163</u> |
| unless Landlord gives Tenant written notice of a change. All notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be delivered to the Tenant's residence or, if specified in writing by the Tenant, to any other address. All notices to the Landlord or the Landlord's Agent (whichever is specified above) shall be given by U.S. mail or by hand delivery. |
| Any notice to Tenant shall be given by U.S. mail or delivered to Tenant at the Premises. If Tenant is absent from the Premises, a notice to Tenant may be given by leaving a copy of the notice at Premises. |
| 9. UTILITIES. Tenant shall pay for all utilities services during the Lease Term and connection charges and deposits for activating existing utility connections to the Premises except for |
| 10. MAINTENANCE. Landlord shall be responsible for compliance with Section 83.51, Florida Statutes, and shall be responsible for maintenance and repair of the Premises, unless otherwise stated below: (Fill in each blank space with "Landlord" for Landlord or "Tenant" for Tenant, if left blank, Landlord will be responsible for the item): |
| Landlord roofs Landlord windows Tenant screens Landlord steps Landlord Landlord floors Landlord porches Landlord exterior walls Landlord heating Landlord hot water Tenant running water Tenant locks and keys Landlord electrical system Landlord cooling Tenant smoke detection devices Tenant extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants and bedbugs |
| Landlord extermination of wood-destroying organisms Tenant lawn/shrubbery pool/spa/hot tub Tenant water treatment Tenant filters (specify) Tenant must change A/C filter on a monthly basis Landlord ceilings Landlord interior walls Tenant Other (specify) Major repairs will be any repairs more than \$100 |
| Fenant shall notify Linor Elya at PO Box 630535, Miami, FI 33163 (if left blank, Landlord at (name) |
| andlord's address) and (305) 871-7841 ext 7012 of maintenance and repair requests. |
| 1. ASSIGNMENT. Unless this box is checked, Tenant may not assign the Lease or sublease all or any part of the Premises without first obtaining the Landlord's written approval and consent to the assignment or sublease. |
| 2. KEYS AND LOCKS. Landlord shall furnish Tenant |
| # of sets of keys to the dwelling # of mail box keys # of garage door openers |
| andlord (\cancel{L}) () and Tenant (\cancel{R}) () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page which is Page 3 of 7 i.LHD-3 Rev. 4/10 ©2010 Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of The Rules Regulating the Florida Bar |

| # of keys to | | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| # of remote controls to | 0 | | |
| | other (specify) to | | |
| At end of Lease Term, all items spec | ified in this paragraph shal | Il be returned to(na | |
| at | (address) | (na Lai (If left blank, Lai | ame) ndlord at Landlord's address). |
| 13. LEAD-BASED PAINT. A Checused in this article, the term Lessor re | ck and complete if the dwe efers to Landlord and the t | elling was built before January 1, 1978. Le erm Lessee refers to Tenant). | ad Warning Statement (when |
| properly. Lead exposure is especially | / harmful to young childre id-based paint and/or lea | from paint, paint chips, and dust can pose in and pregnant women. Before renting predictions and paint hazards in the dwelling. | a-1978 houseing I accore much |
| Lessor's Disclosure (initial) | | | |
| (a) Presence of lead-base (l) Known le | d paint or lead-based pain ad-based paint and/or lea | it hazards (check (i) or (ii) below): d-based paint hazards are present in the h | ousing (explain). |
| (i) Lessor ha | Vailable to the Lessor (che | h all available records and reports pertaini | |
| Lessee's Acknowledgment (initial) วาน (c) Lessee has received co | pies of all information liste | pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead | d-based paint hazards in the |
| | e pampniet <i>Protect Your</i> | Family From Lead In Your Home . | |
| Agent's Acknowledgment (initial) | | | |
| (e) Agent has informed the | Lessor of the Lessor's ob | ligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d and is a | ware of his/her responsibility |
| ne signatory is true and accurate. | ne information above and | certify, to the best of their knowledge, that | t the information provided by |
| Linor Clya Lessor's signature | <u>Jan 7, 2015</u> Date | Lessee's signature | J <u>an 7, 2015</u> Date |
| essor's signature | Date | Lessee's signature | Date |
| Glory Velez Agent's signature | Jan 6, 2015 Date | Glory Veley Agent's signature | <u>Jan 6, 2015</u> Date |
| SERVICEMEMBER . If Tenant is ne Florida National Guard or United 3.682, Florida Statutes, the provisions | States Reserve Forces. | states Armed Forces on active duty or state the Tenant has rights to terminate the Le the attachment to this Lease. | e active duty or a member of ease as provided in Section |
| andlord (上) () and Tenant RLHD-3 Rev. 4/10 ©2010 Approv | (RR) () acknowled for use under rule 10-2 | dge receipt of a copy of this page which 2.1(a) of The Rules Regulating the Florida | ı is Page 4 of 7 Bar |

- 15. LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES. Landlord's Agent may enter the Premises in the following circumstances:

 A. At any time for the protection or preservation of the Premises.
 B. After reasonable notice to Tenant at reasonable times for the purpose of repairing the Premises.
 C. To inspect the Premises; make necessary or agreed-upon repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; supply agreed services; or exhibit the Premises to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workers, or contractors under any of the following circumstances:
 - (1) with Tenant's consent;(2) in case of emergency;

(3) when Tenant unreasonably withholds consent; or

(4) If Tenant is absent from the Premises for a period of at least one-half a rental installment period. (If the rent is current and Tenant notifies Landlord of an intended absence, then Landlord may enter only with Tenant's consent or for the protection or preservation of the Premises.)

| 16. HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION, IF TENANT MUST BE APPROVED BY A HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION |
|--|
| ("ASSOCIATION"), LANDLORD AND TENANT AGREE THAT THE LEASE IS CONTINGENT UPON RECEIVED TOPPOVAL EDOM: |
| THE ASSOCIATION, ANY APPLICATION FEE REQUIRED BY AN ASSOCIATION SHAFT RE PAID BY THE ANDLORD |
| LI TENANT, IF SUCH APPROVAL IS NOT OBTAINED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF LEASE TERM EITHER DARTY MAY |
| LIEKMINATE THE LEASE BY WRITTEN NOTICE TO THE OTHER GIVEN AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO APPROVAL BY THE |
| ASSOCIATION, AND IF THE LEASE IS TERMINATED, TENANT SHALL RECEIVE RETURN OF DEPOSITS SPECIFIED IN ARTICLE |
| 5, IF MADE. If the Lease is not terminated, rent shall abate until the approval is obtained from the association. Tenant agrees to use due |
| diligence in applying for association approval and to comply with the requirements for obtaining approval. Tenant |
| shall pay the security deposit required by the association, if applicable. |

17. USE OF THE PREMISES. Tenant shall use the Premises for residential purposes. Tenant shall have exclusive use and right of possession to the dwelling. The Premises shall be used so as to comply with all state, county, municipal laws and ordinances, and all covenants and restrictions affecting the Premises and all rules and regulations of homeowners' associations affecting the Premises. Tenant may not paint or make any alterations or improvements to the Premises without first obtaining the Landlord's written consent to the alteration or improvement. However, unless this box is checked, Tenant may hang pictures and install window treatments in the Premises without Landlord's consent, provided Tenant removes all such items before the end of the Lease Term and repairs all damage resulting from the removal. Any improvements or alterations to the Premises made by the Tenant shall become Landlord's property. Tenant agrees not to use, keep, or store on the Premises any dangerous, explosive, toxic material which would increase the probability of fire or which would increase the cost of insuring the Premises.

18. RISK OF LOSS/INSURANCE.

- A. Landlord and Tenant shall each be responsible for loss, damage, or injury caused by its own negligence or willful conduct.
- B. Tenant should carry insurance covering Tenant's personal property and Tenant's liability insurance.
- 19. PROHIBITED ACTS BY LANDLORD . Landlord is prohibited from taking certain actions as described in Section 83.67, Florida Statutes, the provisions of which can be found in the attachment to this Lease.
- 20. CASUALTY DAMAGE. If the Premises are damaged or destroyed other than by wrongful or negligent acts of Tenant or persons on the Premises with Tenant's consent, so that the use of the Premises is substantially impaired, Tenant may terminate the Lease within 30 days after the damage or destruction and Tenant will immediately vacate the Premises. If Tenant vacates, Tenant is not liable for rent that would have been due after the date of termination. Tenant may vacate the part of the Premises rendered unusable by the damage or destruction, in which case Tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair rental value of the part of the Premises that was damaged or destroyed.
- 21. DEFAULTS/REMEDIES. Should a party to the Lease fail to fulfill their responsibilities under the Lease or need to determine whether there has been a default of the Lease, refer to Part II, Chapter 83, entitled Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act which contains information on defaults and remedies. A copy of the current version of this Act is attached to the Lease.
- 22. SUBORDINATION. The Lease is automatically subordinate to the lien of any mortgage encumbering the fee title to the Premises from time to time.
- 23. LIENS. THE INTEREST OF THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO LIENS FOR IMPROVEMENTS MADE BY THE TENANT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 713.10, FLORIDA STATUTES. Tenant shall notify all parties performing work on the Premises at Tenant's request that the Lease does not allow any liens to attach to Landlord's interest.
- 24. RENEWAL/EXTENSION. The Lease can be renewed or extended only by a written agreement signed by both Landlord and Tenant, but the term of a renewal or extension together with the original Lease Term may not exceed one year. A new lease is required for each year.
- 25. TENANT'S TELEPHONE NUMBER. Tenant shall, within 5 business days of obtaining telephone services at the Premises, send written notice to Landlord of Tenant's telephone numbers at the Premises.
- 26. ATTORNEYS' FEES. In any lawsuit brought to enforce the Lease or under applicable law, the party in whose favor a judgment or decree has been rendered may recover reasonable court costs, including attorneys' fees, from the non-prevailing party.

| Landlord | (LE) (_ | _) and 1 | renant (<mark>՝ հ ո</mark>) - | () ackno | wledge receipt | of a copy of the | his page which i | is Page 5 of 7 |
|----------|-----------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| RLHD-3 | Rev. 4/10 | ©2010 | Approved for u | use under rule | 10-2.1(a) of The | Rules Regulai | ing the Florida B | ar |

27. MISCELLANEOUS.

- A. Time is of the essence of the performance of each party's obligations under the Lease.
- B. The Lease shall be binding upon and for the benefit of the heirs, personal representatives, successors, and permitted assigns of Landlord and Tenant, subject to the requirements specifically mentioned in the Lease. Whenever used, the singular number shall include the plural or singular and the use of any gender shall include all appropriate genders.
- C. The agreements contained in the Lease set forth the complete understanding of the parties and may not be changed or terminated orally.
- D. No agreement to accept surrender of the Premises from Tenant will be valid unless in writing and signed by Landlord.
- E . All questions concerning the meaning, execution, construction, effect, validity, and enforcement of the Lease shall be determined pursuant to the laws of Florida.
- F. A facsimile copy of the Lease and any signatures hereon shall be considered for all purposes originals.
 G. As required by law, Landlord makes the following disclosure: "RADON GAS." Radon is a naturally occurring radioactive gas that, when it has accumulated in a building in sufficient quantities, may present health risks to persons who are exposed to it over time. Levels of radon that exceed federal and state guidelines have been found in buildings in Florida. Additional information regarding radon and radon testing may be obtained from your county health department.
- 28. BROKERS' COMMISSION. Check and complete if applicable. The brokerage companies named below will be paid the commission set forth in this paragraph by 🔀 Landlord 🗌 Tenant for procuring a tenant for this transaction. Glory Velez Glory Velez Real Estate Licensee Real Estate Licensee **DecoNova International Realty DecoNova International Realty** Real Estate Brokerage Company Real Estate Brokerage Company 1/2 month 1/2 month Commission Commission 29. TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY. TENANT MUST INITIAL IN THIS BOX THE FOLLOWING PROVISION TO APPLY. BY SIGNING THIS RENTAL AGREEMENT, THE TENANT AGREES THAT UPON SURRENDER, ABANDONMENT, OR RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF THE DWELLING UNIT DUE TO THE DEATH OF THE LAST REMAINING TENANT, AS PROVIDED BY CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSITION OF THE TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY. The Lease has been executed by the parties on the dates indicated below. Jan 7, 2015 Landlord's Signature Landlord's Signature Date Landiord's Signature Date Jan 7, 2015 Tenant's Signature Date Tenant's Signature Date This form was completed with the assistance of: Name of Individual: **Glory Velez** Name of Business: **DecoNova International Realty** Address: 12001 SW 128th Ct Suite 202, Miami, Fl 33186 Telephone Number: (786) 439-5190

and Tenant (R) () acknowledge receipt of a copy of this page which is Page 6 of 7 RLHD-3 Rev. 4/10 @2010 Approved for use under rule 10-2.1(a) of The Rules Regulating the Florida Bar

Early Termination Fee/Liquidated Damages Addendum

| [X] I agree, as provided in the rental agreement, to pay \$ 280 liquidated damages or an early termination fee if I elect to terminate additional rent beyond the month in which the landlord retakes posses | the rental agreement and the landlord waives the right to seek |
|--|--|
| [] I do not agree to liquidated damages or an early termination provided by law. | fee, and I acknowledge that the landlord may seek damages as |
| Lina Clya Landlord's Signature | <u>Jan 7, 2015</u> Date |
| Landlord's Signature | Date |
| Landlord's Signature | Date |
| Tenant's Signature | <u>Jan 7, 2015</u> Date |
| Tenant's Signature | Date |

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agreement if the landlord provides written notice to the tenant specifying the tenant's obligations under the notification provision contained in the lease and the date the rental agreement is terminated. The landlord must provide such written notice to the tenant within 15 days before the start of the notification period contained in the lease. The written notice shall list all fees, penalties, and other charges applicable to the tenant under this subsection.

(3) If the tenant remains on the premises with the permission of the landlord after the rental agreement has terminated and fails to give notice required under s. 83.57(3), the tenant is liable to the landlord for an additional 1 month's rent. History.--s. 3, ch. 2003-30; s. 1, ch. 2004-375.

83.58 Remedies; tenant holding over. If the tenant holds over and continues in possession of the dwelling unit or any part thereof after the expiration of the rental agreement without the permission of the landlord, the landlord may recover possession of the dwelling unit in the manner provided for in s. 83.59 [F.S. 1973]. The landlord may also recover double the amount of rent due on the dwelling unit, or any part thereof, for the period during which the tenant refuses to surrender possession.

History .-- s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.59 Right of action for possession.

(1) If the rental agreement is terminated and the tenant does not vacate the premises, the landlord may recover possession of the dwelling unit as provided in this section.

(2) A landlord, the landlord's attorney, or the landlord's agent, applying for the removal of a tenant shall file in the county court of the county where the premises are situated a complaint describing the dwelling unit and stating the facts that authorize its recovery. A landlord's agent is not permitted to take any action other than the initial filing of the complaint, unless the landlord's agent is an attorney. The landlord is entitled to the summary procedure provided in s. 51.011 [F.S. 1971], and the court shall advance the cause on the calendar.

(3) The landlord shall not recover possession of a dwelling unit except:

(a) In an action for possession under subsection (2) or other civil action in which the issue of right of possession is

(b) When the tenant has surrendered possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord;

- (c) When the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit. In the absence of actual knowledge of abandonment, it shall be presumed that the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit if he or she is absent from the premises for a period of time equal to one-half the time for periodic rental payments. However, this presumption does not apply if the rent is current or the tenant has notified the landlord, in writing, of an intended absence; or
- (d) When the last remaining tenant of a dwelling unit is deceased, personal property remains on the premises, rent is unpaid, at least 60 days have elapsed following the date of death, and the landlord has not been notified in writing of the existence of a probate estate or of the name and address of a personal representative. This paragraph does not apply to a dwelling unit used in connection with a federally administered or regulated housing program, including programs under s. 202, s. 221(d)(3) and (4), s. 236, or s. 8 of the National Housing Act, as amended.
- (4) The prevailing party is entitled to have judgment for costs and execution therefor. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-146; s. 24, ch. 82-66; s. 1, ch. 92-36; s. 447, ch. 95-147; s. 1, ch. 2007-136.

83.595 Choice of remedies upon breach or early termination by tenant. If the tenant breaches the rental agreement for the dwelling unit and the landlord has obtained a writ of possession, or the tenant has surrendered possession of the dwelling unit to the landlord, or the tenant has abandoned the dwelling unit, the landlord may:

(1) Treat the rental agreement as terminated and retake possession for his or her own account, thereby terminating any further liability of the tenant;

(2) Retake possession of the dwelling unit for the account of the tenant, holding the tenant liable for the difference between the rent stipulated to be paid under the rental agreement and what the landlord is able to recover from a reletting. If the landlord retakes possession, the landlord has a duty to exercise good faith in attempting to relet the premises, and any rent received by the landlord as a result of the reletting must be deducted from the balance of rent due from the tenant. For purposes of this subsection, the term "good faith in attempting to relet the premises" means that the landlord uses at least the same efforts to relet the premises as were used in the initial rental or at least the same efforts as the landlord uses in attempting to rent other similar rental units but does not require the landlord to give a preference in

renting the premises over other vacant dwelling units that the landlord owns or has the responsibility to rent; (3) Stand by and do nothing, holding the lessee liable for the rent as it comes due; or

(4) Charge liquidated damages, as provided in the rental agreement, or an early termination fee to the tenant if the landlord and tenant have agreed to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, if the amount does not exceed 2 months' rent, and if, in the case of an early termination fee, the tenant is required to give no more than 60 days' notice, as provided in the rental agreement, prior to the proposed date of early termination. This remedy is available only if the tenant and the landlord, at the time the rental agreement was made, indicated acceptance of liquidated damages or an early termination fee. The tenant must indicate acceptance of liquidated damages or an early termination fee by signing a separate addendum to the rental agreement containing a provision in substantially the following form:

Page 8 of 11 of the Attachment to the Residential Lease for Single Family Home or Duplex.

LEASE ADDENDUM OPTION OF LIQUIDATED DAMAGES OR EARLY TERMINATION FEE

This is an addendum to the following described lease:

Property Address 26164 SW 123rd Ct, Homestead, FL 33032-7011 Tenant Names: Reinier Rodriguez Unless all tenants initial after option 1 and sign below, option 2 will apply: **OPTION 1** [X] I (we) agree, as provided in the rental agreement, to pay \$ 2800 (an amount that does not exceed 2 months' rent) as liquidated damages or an early termination fee if I (we) elect to terminate the rental agreement, and the landlord waives the right to seek additional rent beyond the month in which the landlord retakes possession. Initial(s): **OPTION 2** [] I (we) do not agree to liquidated damagers or an early termination fee, and I (we) acknowledge that the landlord may seek damages as provided by law. Initial(s): Date: Jan 7, 2015 Signature(s): Reinier Rodriguez Property Manager: Linor Clya Linor Elya Date: Jan 7, 2015

Utility Addendum

Disclosure Statement of Residents' Financial Responsibility for Water, Sewer, and Hot Water Heating
Utility Expense, and Trash Collections

| A | his Disclosure Statement (the "Utility Addendum") shall become part of the Rental greement ("the Lease)" dated <u>January 7</u> , 20 <u>15</u> Between <u>Reinier Rodrig</u> uez Property Owner) and <u>Tif-Fk-B Hfs Llc</u> . |
|----|--|
| | 26164 SW 123rd Ct Residents of <u>Homestead, FL 33032-7011</u> (address). |
| 1. | Paragraph Page of the Lease is amended by this Utility Addendum. |

- 2. Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, Resident Agrees to be responsible for all utilities charged or attributable to the use of Resident's home or unit, including without limitation, Electricity, Oil and/or Gas associated with heating domestic hot water, Water, Sewer, Storm/Surface Water charges, Garbage collection and Meter Service Fees charged by the various utilities and Utility Service Companies. Resident(s) understands and acknowledges that some or all of these services are separately metered and administered by the respective utility or billing companies.
- 3. Electricity, Gas, domestic hot water energy and water are metered. Sewer fees may be based on Resident's metered water consumption. Garbage collection fees are allocated equally between apartment units. Residents may be charged a "New Account Fee" by the utility billing service (s) to establish an account and any utility security deposit required by the utility billing service.
- 4. The Property Owner shall not be responsible or liable for interruption or malfunction of any utility service.
- 5. Resident shall be solely responsible for all utility service charges attributed to the unit or home the Resident occupies, and Resident shall pay such charges immediately upon receipt of an invoice or other written demand for payment. All charges for utilities are considered additional rent. In the event that resident fails to pay utility service charges: (a) Resident shall be in default of this Lease; (b) Property Owner shall have the right to deduct charge from the Resident's deposit by the amount in arrears plus any associated late fees; (c) Property Owner may, at its option, pay the charges and seek recovery thereof from Resident, together with any attorney's fees or court costs plus interest on any amounts so paid at the rate of 18% per annum; (d) Property Owner may utilize any other remedies, whether in law or equity, available against Resident, including eviction, and (e) Resident agrees to pay utility or billing companies any costs it incurs to collect charges, together with attorney fees and court fees, plus 18% per annum on unpaid amounts.
- 6. Resident understands, acknowledges and agrees that when the Resident provides notice to the Property Owner Intent to move out, the utility billing company shall generate an invoice for the Resident's estimated water, sewer and domestic hot water energy consumption, and trash collections costs, based on the Resident's move date. The water/sewer utility charges calculated for this "move-out" invoice shall utilize the Resident's water utility average daily consumption from the previous month times the number of days the Resident rented the home or unit in the move out month. The last water/sewer utility invoice "Best Estimate" amount plus any unpaid water/sewer utility fees shall fee charged against the Resident's lease and/or utility security deposit.
- 7. Resident agrees not to tamper with or adjust or disconnect any metering device. Violation of this provision shall allow utility billing service to recover expenses associated with restoration of

- meter operation and tamper detection devices. Repeated violation of this provision shall represent a material breech or default of this Utility Addendum and the Lease, and shall entitle Management to exercise all remedies available under this Lease.
- 8. The billing methods described herein may be changed by Property Owner by providing Resident with 60 days prior written notice and Resident acknowledges that in certain situations it is necessary to make a change to the billing method. The bill will be sent to Resident by a third party billing provider. Resident acknowledges that the billing provider is not a public utility. Property Owner reserves the right to change the third party billing provider at any time. Any disputes related to the computation of Resident's bills will be between the Resident and the Property Owner.
- 9. Each bill will include a monthly service fee in addition to the utility charges. This monthly service fee is for administration, billing, overhead and similar expenses and charges incurred by Property Owner for providing billing services and may be increased (with 60 days written notice provided to Resident) if Property Owner's expenses increase. Resident agrees to pay a one-time account processing fee when Resident vacates the apartment unit. This fee shall be included on Resident's final bill. This fee is for administration, billing overhead and similar expenses and charges incurred by Property Owner for processing the final bill. Resident also agrees to pay a one-time account set-up fee on the first bill. This fee is for administration, billing overhead and similar expenses and charges incurred by Property Owner for establishing the new account.
- 10. Resident shall promptly contact the local gas and 'or electric utility(les) (as applicable) to establish an account in Resident's name for the provision of gas and electric service to Resident's unit. Resident shall ensure that the start date for each such account is the Resident's move-in date and that Resident maintains all such accounts in Resident's name during the entire lease term. If Resident falls to comply with the conditions of this paragraph and Property Owner is subsequently charged with utility charges attributable to Resident's occupancy of the unit. then Resident shall be issued (and shall pay) a bill for such services by Property Owner or the billing provider (which shall include a service charge up to \$50 on each occasion for each utility provider); such service charge is used to compensate Property Owner for Resident's failure to become the customer of record for such accounts, including, but not limited to charges assessed by the third party billing provider to Property Owner for processing of the bill for the delinquent time period, opportunity cost of the money not paid and other administrative costs. Resident and Property Owner agree that the charge described above is a reasonable estimate of the costs incurred.

| Resident Signature: | Jan 7, 2015 Date | Reinier Rodriguez Resident Signature | Date |
|---|---------------------|---|------|
| Resident Signature: | Date | Resident Signature | Date |
| Linor Slya Property Manager Linof Elya | Jan_ | 7, 2015 Date | |

Utility Verification of Transferred Service

| Address: 261 | 64 SW 123rd Ct | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| City, State, Zip <u>н</u> | lomestead, FL 33032-7 | 011 | | |
| | | | | |
| I, Reinier Rodrigue |) Z | ŧ | | c |
| signors) shall assu | ıme all utility servi | ices in my name | (name | of all lease |
| | , 20 <u>15</u> and thi | | | |
| 26164 SW 123rd Ct 1 | Homostood El 2000 | 0.7044 | racincy at time | , sei vice address |
| 2 <u>6164 SW 123rd Ct,</u> I | | | alize that if th | ne utilities at any |
| time are transferre | ed into the <u>LAND</u> | LORD | whi | ile I am still in |
| possession of this | home, the utilities | will be disconne | ected and/or | a service fee will |
| apply per the lease | | | · | |
| Utility Transferred | on: | (date) | | |
| Utility Vendor and | Confirmation Num | nber (s): | | |
| Electric: | FP&L 819 | 95910099 | | |
| Water/Sewer | r: Miami-Dade wate | r and sewer depart | ment 9599572 | 2293 |
| Trash: | N/A | | | |
| Gas: | | | | |
| | | | | - |
| R. | ion 7, 2015 | | | |
| Reinier Rodriguez Resident Signature: | Jan 7, 2015 | | | |
| wonderit oignature; | Date | Resident S | ignature | Date |
| Property Manager | 1 - 01 | | | |
| | Linor Elya | 1/2 | Date Jan 7, 2 | 2015 |

Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act

PART II

RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES

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83.40 Short title. This part shall be known as the "Florida Residential Landlord and Tenant Act." History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.41 Application. This part applies to the rental of a dwelling unit. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; ss. 2, 20, ch. 82-66.

83.42 Exclusions from application of part. This part does not apply to:

- (1) Residency or detention in a facility, whether public or private, when residence or detention is incidental to the provision of medical, geriatric, educational, counseling, religious, or similar services.
- (2) Occupancy under a contract of sale of a dwelling unit or the property of which it is a part.
- (3) Transient occupancy in a hotel, condominium, motel, roominghouse, or similar public lodging, or transient occupancy
- (4) Occupancy by a holder of a proprietary lease in a cooperative apartment.
- (5) Occupancy by an owner of a condominium unit. History .-- s. 2, ch. 73-330.

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- 83.43 Definitions. As used in this part, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless some other meaning is plainly indicated:
- (1) "Building, housing, and health codes" means any law, ordinance, or governmental regulation concerning health, safety, sanitation or fitness for habitation, or the construction, maintenance, operation, occupancy, use, or appearance, of any dwelling unit.
- (2) "Dwelling unit" means:
- (a) A structure or part of a structure that is rented for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons who maintain a common household.
- (b) A mobile home rented by a tenant.
- (c) A structure or part of a structure that is furnished, with or without rent, as an incident of employment for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one or more persons.
- (3) "Landlord" means the owner or lessor of a dwelling unit.
- (4) "Tenant" means any person entitled to occupy a dwelling unit under a rental agreement.
- (5) "Premises" means a dwelling unit and the structure of which it is a part and a mobile home lot and the appurtenant facilities and grounds, areas, facilities, and property held out for the use of tenants generally.
- (6) "Rent" means the periodic payments due the landlord from the tenant for occupancy under a rental agreement and any other payments due the landlord from the tenant as may be designated as rent in a written rental agreement.
- (7) "Rental agreement" means any written agreement, including amendments or addenda, or oral agreement for a duration of less than 1 year, providing for use and occupancy of premises.
- (8) "Good faith" means honesty in fact in the conduct or transaction concerned.
- (9) "Advance rent" means moneys paid to the landlord to be applied to future rent payment periods, but does not include rent paid in advance for a current rent payment period.
- (10) "Transient occupancy" means occupancy when it is the intention of the parties that the occupancy will be temporary.
- (11) "Deposit money" means any money held by the landlord on behalf of the tenant, including, but not limited to, damage deposits, security deposits, advance rent deposit, pet deposit, or any contractual deposit agreed to between landlord and tenant either in writing or orally.
- (12) "Security deposits" means any moneys held by the landlord as security for the performance of the rental agreement, including, but not limited to, monetary damage to the landlord caused by the tenant's breach of lease prior to the expiration thereof.
- (13) "Legal holiday" means holidays observed by the clerk of the court.
- (14) "Servicemember" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (15) "Active duty" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (16) "State active duty" shall have the same meaning as provided in s. 250.01.
- (17) "Early termination fee" means any charge, fee, or forfeiture that is provided for in a written rental agreement and is assessed to a tenant when a tenant elects to terminate the rental agreement, as provided in the agreement, and vacates a dwelling unit before the end of the rental agreement. An early termination fee does not include:
- (a) Unpaid rent and other accrued charges through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit.
- (b) Charges for damages to the dwelling unit.
- (c) Charges associated with a rental agreement settlement, release, buy-out, or accord and satisfaction agreement. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-143; s. 1, ch. 81-190; s. 3, ch. 83-151; s. 17, ch. 94-170; s. 2, ch. 2003-72; s. 1, ch. 2008-131.
- **83.44** Obligation of good faith. Every rental agreement or duty within this part imposes an obligation of good faith in its performance or enforcement. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.45 Unconscionable rental agreement or provision.

- (1) If the court as a matter of law finds a rental agreement or any provision of a rental agreement to have been unconscionable at the time it was made, the court may refuse to enforce the rental agreement, enforce the remainder of the rental agreement without the unconscionable provision, or so limit the application of any unconscionable provision as to avoid any unconscionable result.
- (2) When it is claimed or appears to the court that the rental agreement or any provision thereof may be unconscionable, the parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to present evidence as to meaning, relationship of the parties, purpose, and effect to aid the court in making the determination.

 History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.46 Rent; duration of tenancies.

- (1) Unless otherwise agreed, rent is payable without demand or notice; periodic rent is payable at the beginning of each rent payment period; and rent is uniformly apportionable from day to day.
- (2) If the rental agreement contains no provision as to duration of the tenancy, the duration is determined by the periods

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for which the rent is payable. If the rent is payable weekly, then the tenancy is from week to week; if payable monthly, tenancy is from month to month; if payable quarterly, tenancy is from quarter to quarter; if payable yearly, tenancy is from year to year.

(3) If the dwelling unit is furnished without rent as an incident of employment and there is no agreement as to the duration of the tenancy, the duration is determined by the periods for which wages are payable. If wages are payable weekly or more frequently, then the tenancy is from week to week; and if wages are payable monthly or no wages are payable, then the tenancy is from month to month. In the event that the employee ceases employment, the employer shall be entitled to rent for the period from the day after the employee ceases employment until the day that the dwelling unit is vacated at a rate equivalent to the rate charged for similarly situated residences in the area. This subsection shall not apply to an employee or a resident manager of an apartment house or an apartment complex when there is a written agreement to the contrary.

History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 2, ch. 81-190; s. 2, ch. 87-195; s. 2, ch. 90-133; s. 1, ch. 93-255.

83.47 Prohibited provisions in rental agreements.

- (1) A provision in a rental agreement is void and unenforceable to the extent that it:
- (a) Purports to waive or preclude the rights, remedies, or requirements set forth in this part.
- (b) Purports to limit or preclude any liability of the landlord to the tenant or of the tenant to the landlord, arising under law.
- (2) If such a void and unenforceable provision is included in a rental agreement entered into, extended, or renewed after the effective date of this part and either party suffers actual damages as a result of the inclusion, the aggrieved party may recover those damages sustained after the effective date of this part.

 History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330.
- **83.48** Attorney's fees.—In any civil action brought to enforce the provisions of the rental agreement or this part, the party in whose favor a judgment or decree has been rendered may recover reasonable court costs, including attorney's fees, from the nonprevailing party.

 History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 4, ch. 83-151.

83.49 Deposit money or advance rent; duty of landlord and tenant.

- (1) Whenever money is deposited or advanced by a tenant on a rental agreement as security for performance of the rental agreement or as advance rent for other than the next immediate rental period, the landlord or the landlord's agent shall either:
- (a) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate non-interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord;
- (b) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants, in which case the tenant shall receive and collect interest in an amount of at least 75 percent of the annualized average interest rate payable on such account or interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest, whichever the landlord elects. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord; or
- (c) Post a surety bond, executed by the landlord as principal and a surety company authorized and licensed to do business in the state as surety, with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the dwelling unit is located in the total amount of the security deposits and advance rent he or she holds on behalf of the tenants or \$50,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of the provisions of this section. In addition to posting the surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest. A landlord, or the landlord's agent, engaged in the renting of dwelling units in five or more counties, who holds deposit moneys or advance rent and who is otherwise subject to the provisions of this section, may, in lieu of posting a surety bond in each county, elect to post a surety bond in the form and manner provided in this paragraph with the office of the Secretary of State. The bond shall be in the total amount of the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of tenants or in the amount of \$250,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of this section. In addition to posting a surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest on the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of that tenant at the rate of 5 percent per year simple interest.
- (2) The landlord shall, within 30 days of receipt of advance rent or a security deposit, notify the tenant in writing of the manner in which the landlord is holding the advance rent or security deposit and the rate of interest, if any, which the tenant is to receive and the time of interest payments to the tenant. Such written notice shall:
- (a) Be given in person or by mail to the tenant.
- (b) State the name and address of the depository where the advance rent or security deposit is being held, whether the advance rent or security deposit is being held in a separate account for the benefit of the tenant or is commingled with



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other funds of the landlord, and, if commingled, whether such funds are deposited in an interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution.

(c) Include a copy of the provisions of subsection (3).

Subsequent to providing such notice, if the landlord changes the manner or location in which he or she is holding the advance rent or security deposit, he or she shall notify the tenant within 30 days of the change according to the provisions herein set forth. This subsection does not apply to any landlord who rents fewer than five individual dwelling units. Failure to provide this notice shall not be a defense to the payment of rent when due.

(3)(a) Upon the vacating of the premises for termination of the lease, if the landlord does not intend to impose a claim on the security deposit, the landlord shall have 15 days to return the security deposit together with interest if otherwise required, or the landlord shall have 30 days to give the tenant written notice by certified mail to the tenant's last known mailing address of his or her intention to impose a claim on the deposit and the reason for imposing the claim. The notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

This is a notice of my intention to impose a claim for damages in the amount of ____ _ upon your security deposit, due to . It is sent to you as required by s. 83.49(3), Florida Statutes. You are hereby notified that you must object in writing to this deduction from your security deposit within 15 days from the time you receive this notice or I will be authorized to deduct my claim from your security deposit. Your objection must be sent to (landlord's address). If the landlord fails to give the required notice within the 30-day period, he or she forfeits the right to impose a claim upon the security deposit.

(b) Unless the tenant objects to the imposition of the landlord's claim or the amount thereof within 15 days after receipt of the landlord's notice of intention to impose a claim, the landlord may then deduct the amount of his or her claim and shall remit the balance of the deposit to the tenant within 30 days after the date of the notice of intention to impose a claim for damages.

(c) If either party institutes an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to adjudicate the party's right to the security deposit, the prevailing party is entitled to receive his or her court costs plus a reasonable fee for his or her attorney. The

court shall advance the cause on the calendar.

- (d) Compliance with this section by an individual or business entity authorized to conduct business in this state, including Florida-licensed real estate brokers and sales associates, shall constitute compliance with all other relevant Florida Statutes pertaining to security deposits held pursuant to a rental agreement or other landlord-tenant relationship. Enforcement personnel shall look solely to this section to determine compliance. This section prevails over any conflicting provisions in chapter 475 and in other sections of the Florida Statutes, and shall operate to permit licensed real estate brokers to disburse security deposits and deposit money without having to comply with the notice and settlement procedures contained in s. 475.25(1)(d).
- (4) The provisions of this section do not apply to transient rentals by hotels or motels as defined in chapter 509; nor do they apply in those instances in which the amount of rent or deposit, or both, is regulated by law or by rules or regulations of a public body, including public housing authorities and federally administered or regulated housing programs including s. 202, s. 221(d)(3) and (4), s. 236, or s. 8 of the National Housing Act, as amended, other than for rent stabilization. With the exception of subsections (3), (5), and (6), this section is not applicable to housing authorities or public housing agencies created pursuant to chapter 421 or other statutes.
- (5) Except when otherwise provided by the terms of a written lease, any tenant who vacates or abandons the premises prior to the expiration of the term specified in the written lease, or any tenant who vacates or abandons premises which are the subject of a tenancy from week to week, month to month, quarter to quarter, or year to year, shall give at least 7 days' written notice by certified mail or personal delivery to the landlord prior to vacating or abandoning the premises which notice shall include the address where the tenant may be reached. Failure to give such notice shall relieve the landlord of the notice requirement of paragraph (3)(a) but shall not waive any right the tenant may have to the security deposit or any part of it.

(6) For the purposes of this part, a renewal of an existing rental agreement shall be considered a new rental agreement, and any security deposit carried forward shall be considered a new security deposit.

- (7) Upon the sale or transfer of title of the rental property from one owner to another, or upon a change in the designated rental agent, any and all security deposits or advance rents being held for the benefit of the tenants shall be transferred to the new owner or agent, together with any earned interest and with an accurate accounting showing the amounts to be credited to each tenant account. Upon the transfer of such funds and records as stated herein, and upon transmittal of a written receipt therefor, the transferor shall be free from the obligation imposed in subsection (1) to hold such moneys on behalf of the tenant. However, nothing herein shall excuse the landlord or agent for a violation of the provisions of this section while in possession of such deposits.
- (8) Any person licensed under the provisions of s. 509.241, unless excluded by the provisions of this part, who fails to comply with the provisions of this part shall be subject to a fine or to the suspension or revocation of his or her license by the Division of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation in the manner provided in s. 509,261.
- (9) In those cases in which interest is required to be paid to the tenant, the landlord shall pay directly to the tenant, or credit against the current month's rent, the interest due to the tenant at least once annually. However, no interest shall be

due a tenant who wrongfully terminates his or her tenancy prior to the end of the rental term. History.--s. 1, ch. 69-282; s. 3, ch. 70-360; s. 1, ch. 72-19; s. 1, ch. 72-43; s. 5, ch. 73-330; s. 1, ch. 74-93; s. 3, ch. 74-146; ss. 1, 2, ch. 75-133; s. 1, ch. 76-15; s. 1, ch. 77-445; s. 20, ch. 79-400; s. 21, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 83-151; s. 13, ch. 83-217; s. 3, ch. 87-195; s. 1, ch. 87-369; s. 3, ch. 88-379; s. 2, ch. 83-255; s. 5, ch. 94-218; s. 1372, ch. 95-147; s. 1, ch. 96-146; s. 1, ch. 2001-179; s. 53, ch. 2003-164.

83.50 Disclosure.

(1) The landlord, or a person authorized to enter into a rental agreement on the landlord's behalf, shall disclose in writing to the tenant, at or before the commencement of the tenancy, the name and address of the landlord or a person authorized to receive notices and demands in the landlord's behalf. The person so authorized to receive notices and demands retains authority until the tenant is notified otherwise. All notices of such names and addresses or changes thereto shall be delivered to the tenant's residence or, if specified in writing by the tenant, to any other address.

(2) The landlord or the landlord's authorized representative, upon completion of construction of a building exceeding three stories in height and containing dwelling units, shall disclose to the tenants initially moving into the building the availability or lack of availability of fire protection.

History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 443, ch. 95-147.

83.51 Landlord's obligation to maintain premises.

(1) The landlord at all times during the tenancy shall:

(a) Comply with the requirements of applicable building, housing, and health codes; or

(b) Where there are no applicable building, housing, or health codes, maintain the roofs, windows, screens, doors, floors, steps, porches, exterior walls, foundations, and all other structural components in good repair and capable of resisting normal forces and loads and the plumbing in reasonable working condition. However, the landlord shall not be required to maintain a mobile home or other structure owned by the tenant.

The landlord's obligations under this subsection may be altered or modified in writing with respect to a single-family home or duplex.

(2)(a) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, in addition to the requirements of subsection (1), the landlord of a dwelling unit other than a single-family home or duplex shall, at all times during the tenancy, make reasonable provisions for:

1. The extermination of rats, mice, roaches, ants, wood-destroying organisms, and bedbugs. When vacation of the premises is required for such extermination, the landlord shall not be liable for damages but shall abate the rent. The tenant shall be required to temporarily vacate the premises for a period of time not to exceed 4 days, on 7 days' written notice, if necessary, for extermination pursuant to this subparagraph.

2. Locks and keys.

3. The clean and safe condition of common areas.

4. Garbage removal and outside receptacles therefor.

5. Functioning facilities for heat during winter, running water, and hot water.

- (b) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, at the commencement of the tenancy of a single-family home or duplex, the landlord shall install working smoke detection devices. As used in this paragraph, the term "smoke detection device" means an electrical or battery-operated device which detects visible or invisible particles of combustion and which is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Factory Mutual Laboratories, Inc., or any other nationally recognized testing laboratory using nationally accepted testing standards.
- (c) Nothing in this part authorizes the tenant to raise a noncompliance by the landlord with this subsection as a defense to an action for possession under s. 83.59.

(d) This subsection shall not apply to a mobile home owned by a tenant.

(e) Nothing contained in this subsection prohibits the landlord from providing in the rental agreement that the tenant is obligated to pay costs or charges for garbage removal, water, fuel, or utilities.

(3) If the duty imposed by subsection (1) is the same or greater than any duty imposed by subsection (2), the landlord's duty is determined by subsection (1).

(4) The landlord is not responsible to the tenant under this section for conditions created or caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of the tenant, a member of the tenant's family, or other person on the premises with the tenant's consent.

History.-s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 22, ch. 82-66; s. 4, ch. 87-195; s. 1, ch. 90-133; s. 3, ch. 93-255; s. 444, ch. 95-147; s. 8, ch. 97-95.

83.52 Tenant's obligation to maintain dwelling unit. The tenant at all times during the tenancy shall:

- (1) Comply with all obligations imposed upon tenants by applicable provisions of building, housing, and health codes.
- (2) Keep that part of the premises which he or she occupies and uses clean and sanitary.
- (3) Remove from the tenant's dwelling unit all garbage in a clean and sanitary manner.

(4) Keep all plumbing fixtures in the dwelling unit or used by the tenant clean and sanitary and in repair.

(5) Use and operate in a reasonable manner all electrical, plumbing, sanitary, heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and other facilities and appliances, including elevators.

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- (6) Not destroy, deface, damage, impair, or remove any part of the premises or property therein belonging to the landlord nor permit any person to do so.
- (7) Conduct himself or herself, and require other persons on the premises with his or her consent to conduct themselves, in a manner that does not unreasonably disturb the tenant's neighbors or constitute a breach of the peace. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 445, ch. 95-147.

83.53 Landlord's access to dwelling unit

- (1) The tenant shall not unreasonably withhold consent to the landlord to enter the dwelling unit from time to time in order to inspect the premises; make necessary or agreed repairs, decorations, alterations, or improvements; supply agreed services; or exhibit the dwelling unit to prospective or actual purchasers, mortgagees, tenants, workers, or contractors.
- (2) The landlord may enter the dwelling unit at any time for the protection or preservation of the premises. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit upon reasonable notice to the tenant and at a reasonable time for the purpose of repair of the premises. "Reasonable notice" for the purpose of repair is notice given at least 12 hours prior to the entry, and reasonable time for the purpose of repair shall be between the hours of 7:30 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. The landlord may enter the dwelling unit when necessary for the further purposes set forth in subsection (1) under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) With the consent of the tenant;
- (b) In case of emergency:
- (c) When the tenant unreasonably withholds consent; or
- (d) If the tenant is absent from the premises for a period of time equal to one-half the time for periodic rental payments. If the rent is current and the tenant notifies the landlord of an intended absence, then the landlord may enter only with the consent of the tenant or for the protection or preservation of the premises.
- (3) The landlord shall not abuse the right of access nor use it to harass the tenant. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 5, ch. 87-195; s. 4, ch. 93-255; s. 446, ch. 95-147.
- 83.535 Flotation bedding system; restrictions on use. No landlord may prohibit a tenant from using a flotation bedding system in a dwelling unit, provided the flotation bedding system does not violate applicable building codes. The tenant shall be required to carry in the tenant's name flotation insurance as is standard in the industry in an amount deemed reasonable to protect the tenant and owner against personal injury and property damage to the dwelling units. In any case, the policy shall carry a loss payable clause to the owner of the building. History.--s. 7, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 93-255.
- 83.54 Enforcement of rights and duties; civil action. Any right or duty declared in this part is enforceable by civil action. History .-- s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.55 Right of action for damages. If either the landlord or the tenant fails to comply with the requirements of the rental agreement or this part, the aggrieved party may recover the damages caused by the noncompliance. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330.

83.56 Termination of rental agreement.

- (1) If the landlord materially fails to comply with s. 83.51(1) or material provisions of the rental agreement within 7 days after delivery of written notice by the tenant specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant to terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement. If the failure to comply with s. 83.51(1) or material provisions of the rental agreement is due to causes beyond the control of the landlord and the landlord has made and continues to make every reasonable effort to correct the failure to comply, the rental agreement may be terminated or altered by the parties, as follows:
- (a) If the landlord's failure to comply renders the dwelling unit untenantable and the tenant vacates, the tenant shall not be liable for rent during the period the dwelling unit remains uninhabitable.
- (b) If the landlord's failure to comply does not render the dwelling unit untenantable and the tenant remains in occupancy, the rent for the period of noncompliance shall be reduced by an amount in proportion to the loss of rental value caused by the noncompliance.
- (2) If the tenant materially fails to comply with s. 83.52 or material provisions of the rental agreement, other than a failure to pay rent, or reasonable rules or regulations, the landlord may:
- (a) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure it or if the noncompliance constitutes a subsequent or continuing noncompliance within 12 months of a written warning by the landlord of a similar violation, deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance and the landlord's intent to terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of noncompliance which are of a nature that the tenant should not be given an opportunity to cure include, but are not limited to, destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's or other tenants' property by intentional act or a subsequent or continued unreasonable disturbance. In such event, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement, and the tenant shall have 7 days from the date that the notice is delivered to

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vacate the premises. The notice shall be adequate if it is in substantially the following form:

You are advised that your lease is terminated effective immediately. You shall have 7 days from the delivery of this letter to vacate the premises. This action is taken because (cite the noncompliance).

(b) If such noncompliance is of a nature that the tenant should be given an opportunity to cure it, deliver a written notice to the tenant specifying the noncompliance, including a notice that, if the noncompliance is not corrected within 7 days from the date the written notice is delivered, the landlord shall terminate the rental agreement by reason thereof. Examples of such noncompliance include, but are not limited to, activities in contravention of the lease or this act such as having or permitting unauthorized pets, guests, or vehicles; parking in an unauthorized manner or permitting such parking; or failing to keep the premises clean and sanitary. The notice shall be adequate if it is in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that (cite the noncompliance). Demand is hereby made that you remedy the noncompliance within 7 days of receipt of this notice or your lease shall be deemed terminated and you shall vacate the premises upon such termination. If this same conduct or conduct of a similar nature is repeated within 12 months, your tenancy is subject to termination without your being given an opportunity to cure the noncompliance.

(3) If the tenant fails to pay rent when due and the default continues for 3 days, excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays, after delivery of written demand by the landlord for payment of the rent or possession of the premises, the landlord may terminate the rental agreement. Legal holidays for the purpose of this section shall be court-observed holidays only. The 3-day notice shall contain a statement in substantially the following form:

You are hereby notified that you are indebted to me in the sum of _____ dollars for the rent and use of the premises (address of leased premises, including county), Florida, now occupied by you and that I demand payment of the rent or possession of the premises within 3 days (excluding Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays) from the date of delivery of this notice, to wit: on or before the _____ day of _____, (year).

(landlord's name, address and phone number)

(4) The delivery of the written notices required by subsections (1), (2), and (3) shall be by mailing or delivery of a true copy thereof or, if the tenant is absent from the premises, by leaving a copy thereof at the residence.

- (5) If the landlord accepts rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the tenant or accepts performance by the tenant of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, or if the tenant pays rent with actual knowledge of a noncompliance by the landlord or accepts performance by the landlord of any other provision of the rental agreement that is at variance with its provisions, the landlord or tenant waives his or her right to terminate the rental agreement or to bring a civil action for that noncompliance, but not for any subsequent or continuing noncompliance. Any tenant who wishes to defend against an action by the landlord for possession of the unit for noncompliance of the rental agreement or of relevant statutes shall comply with the provisions in s. 83.60(2). The court may not set a date for mediation or trial unless the provisions of s. 83.60(2) have been met, but shall enter a default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue immediately if the tenant fails to comply with s. 83.60(2). This subsection does not apply to that portion of rent subsidies received from a local, state, or national government or an agency of local, state, or national government; however, waiver will occur if an action has not been instituted within 45 days of the noncompliance.
- (6) If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply with s. 83.49(3). History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 23, ch. 82-66; s. 6, ch. 83-151; s. 14, ch. 83-217; s. 6, ch. 87-195; s. 6, ch. 93-255; s. 6, ch. 94-170; s. 1373, ch. 95-147; s.
- 83.57 Termination of tenancy without specific term. A tenancy without a specific duration, as defined in s. 83.46(2) or (3), may be terminated by either party giving written notice in the manner provided in s. 83.56(4), as follows:

- (1) When the tenancy is from year to year, by giving not less than 60 days' notice prior to the end of any annual period; (2) When the tenancy is from quarter to quarter, by giving not less than 30 days' notice prior to the end of any quarterly period:
- (3) When the tenancy is from month to month, by giving not less than 15 days' notice prior to the end of any monthly period: and
- (4) When the tenancy is from week to week, by giving not less than 7 days' notice prior to the end of any weekly period. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 3, ch. 81-190; s. 15, ch. 83-217.

83.575 Termination of tenancy with specific duration.

- (1) A rental agreement with a specific duration may contain a provision requiring the tenant to notify the landlord before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement; however, a rental agreement may not require more than 60 days' notice before vacating the premises.
- (2) A rental agreement with a specific duration may provide that if a tenant fails to give the required notice before vacating the premises at the end of the rental agreement, the tenant may be liable for liquidated damages as specified in the rental

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[] I agree, as provided in the rental agreement, to pay \$____ (an amount that does not exceed 2 months' rent) as liquidated damages or an early termination fee if I elect to terminate the rental agreement, and the landlord waives the right to seek additional rent beyond the month in which the landlord retakes possession.

[] I do not agree to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, and I acknowledge that the landlord may seek damages as provided by law.

(a) In addition to liquidated damages or an early termination fee, the landlord is entitled to the rent and other charges accrued through the end of the month in which the landlord retakes possession of the dwelling unit and charges for damages to the dwelling unit.

(b) This subsection does not apply if the breach is failure to give notice as provided in s. 83.575. History.--s. 2, ch. 87-369; s. 4, ch. 88-379; s. 448, ch. 95-147; s. 2, ch. 2008-131.

83.60 Defenses to action for rent or possession; procedure.

- (1) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent or in an action by the landlord under s. 83.55 seeking to recover unpaid rent, the tenant may defend upon the ground of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) [F.S. 1973], or may raise any other defense, whether legal or equitable, that he or she may have, including the defense of retaliatory conduct in accordance with s. 83.64. The defense of a material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) [F.S. 1973] may be raised by the tenant if 7 days have elapsed after the delivery of written notice by the tenant to the landlord, specifying the noncompliance and indicating the intention of the tenant not to pay rent by reason thereof. Such notice by the tenant may be given to the landlord, the landlord's representative as designated pursuant to s. 83.50(1), a resident manager, or the person or entity who collects the rent on behalf of the landlord. A material noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) [F.S. 1973] by the landlord is a complete defense to an action for possession based upon nonpayment of rent, and, upon hearing, the court or the jury, as the case may be, shall determine the amount, if any, by which the rent is to be reduced to reflect the diminution in value of the dwelling unit during the period of noncompliance with s. 83.51(1) [F.S. 1973]. After consideration of all other relevant issues, the court shall enter
- (2) In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit, if the tenant interposes any defense other than payment, the tenant shall pay into the registry of the court the accrued rent as alleged in the complaint or as determined by the court and the rent which accrues during the pendency of the proceeding, when due. The clerk shall notify the tenant of such requirement in the summons. Failure of the tenant to pay the rent into the registry of the court or to file a motion to determine the amount of rent to be paid into the registry within 5 days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after the date of service of process constitutes an absolute waiver of the tenant's defenses other than payment, and the landlord is entitled to an immediate default judgment for removal of the tenant with a writ of possession to issue without further notice or hearing thereon. In the event a motion to determine rent is filed, documentation in support of the allegation that the rent as alleged in the complaint is in error is required. Public housing tenants or tenants receiving rent subsidies shall be required to deposit only that portion of the full rent for which the tenant is responsible pursuant to federal, state, or local program in which they are participating.

 History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 7, ch. 83-151; s. 7, ch. 87-195; s. 7, ch. 93-255; s. 7, ch. 94-170; s. 1374, ch. 95-147.
- 83.61 Disbursement of funds in registry of court; prompt final hearing. When the tenant has deposited funds into the registry of the court in accordance with the provisions of s. 83.60(2) and the landlord is in actual danger of loss of the premises or other personal hardship resulting from the loss of rental income from the premises, the landlord may apply to the court for disbursement of all or part of the funds or for prompt final hearing. The court shall advance the cause on the calendar. The court, after preliminary hearing, may award all or any portion of the funds on deposit to the landlord or may proceed immediately to a final resolution of the cause. History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 2, ch. 74-146.

83.62 Restoration of possession to landlord.

- (1) In an action for possession, after entry of judgment in favor of the landlord, the clerk shall issue a writ to the sheriff describing the premises and commanding the sheriff to put the landlord in possession after 24 hours' notice conspicuously posted on the premise
- (2) At the time the sheriff executes the writ of possession or at any time thereafter, the landlord or the landlord's agent may remove any personal property found on the premises to or near the property line. Subsequent to executing the writ of possession, the landlord may request the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace while the landlord changes the locks and removes the personal property from the premises. When such a request is made, the sheriff may charge a reasonable hourly rate, and the person requesting the sheriff to stand by to keep the peace shall be responsible for paying the reasonable hourly rate set by the sheriff. Neither the sheriff nor the landlord or the landlord's agent shall be liable to the tenant or any other party for the loss, destruction, or damage to the property after it has been removed. History.—s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 3, ch. 82-66; s. 5, ch. 88-379; s. 8, ch. 94-170; s. 1375, ch. 95-147; s. 2, ch. 96-146.

- 83.625 Power to award possession and enter money judgment. In an action by the landlord for possession of a dwelling unit based upon nonpayment of rent, if the court finds the rent is due, owing, and unpaid and by reason thereof the landlord is entitled to possession of the premises, the court, in addition to awarding possession of the premises to the landlord, shall direct, in an amount which is within its jurisdictional limitations, the entry of a money judgment with costs in favor of the landlord and against the tenant for the amount of money found due, owing, and unpaid by the tenant to the landlord. However, no money judgment shall be entered unless service of process has been effected by personal service or, where authorized by law, by certified or registered mail, return receipt, or in any other manner prescribed by law or the rules of the court; and no money judgment may be entered except in compliance with the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. The prevailing party in the action may also be awarded attorney's fees and costs. History.--s. 1, ch. 75-147; s. 8, ch. 87-195; s. 6, ch. 88-379.
- 83.63 Casualty damage. If the premises are damaged or destroyed other than by the wrongful or negligent acts of the tenant so that the enjoyment of the premises is substantially impaired, the tenant may terminate the rental agreement and immediately vacate the premises. The tenant may vacate the part of the premises rendered unusable by the casualty, in which case the tenant's liability for rent shall be reduced by the fair rental value of that part of the premises damaged or destroyed. If the rental agreement is terminated, the landlord shall comply with s. 83.49(3) [F.S. 1973]. History.--s. 2, ch. 73-330; s. 449, ch. 95-147.

83.64 Retaliatory conduct

- (1) It is unlawful for a landlord to discriminatorily increase a tenant's rent or decrease services to a tenant, or to bring or threaten to bring an action for possession or other civil action, primarily because the landlord is retaliating against the tenant. In order for the tenant to raise the defense of retaliatory conduct, the tenant must have acted in good faith. Examples of conduct for which the landlord may not retaliate include, but are not limited to, situations where:
- (a) The tenant has complained to a governmental agency charged with responsibility for enforcement of a building, housing, or health code of a suspected violation applicable to the premises;
- (b) The tenant has organized, encouraged, or participated in a tenants' organization;
- (c) The tenant has complained to the landlord pursuant to s. 83.56(1); or
- (d) The tenant is a servicemember who has terminated a rental agreement pursuant to s. 83,682.
- (2) Evidence of retaliatory conduct may be raised by the tenant as a defense in any action brought against him or her for
- (3) In any event, this section does not apply if the landlord proves that the eviction is for good cause. Examples of good cause include, but are not limited to, good faith actions for nonpayment of rent, violation of the rental agreement or of reasonable rules, or violation of the terms of this chapter.
- (4) "Discrimination" under this section means that a tenant is being treated differently as to the rent charged, the services rendered, or the action being taken by the landlord, which shall be a prerequisite to a finding of retaliatory conduct. History.--s. 8, ch. 83-151; s. 450, ch. 95-147; s. 3, ch. 2003-72.

83.67 Prohibited practices.

- (1) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not cause, directly or indirectly, the termination or interruption of any utility service furnished the tenant, including, but not limited to, water, heat, light, electricity, gas, elevator, garbage collection, or refrigeration, whether or not the utility service is under the control of, or payment is made by, the landlord.
- (2) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not prevent the tenant from gaining reasonable access to the dwelling unit by any means, including, but not limited to, changing the locks or using any bootlock or similar device.
- (3) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not discriminate against a servicemember in offering a dwelling unit for rent or in any of the terms of the rental agreement.
- (4) A landlord shall not prohibit a tenant from displaying one portable, removable, cloth or plastic United States flag, not larger than 4 and 1/2 feet by 6 feet, in a respectful manner in or on the dwelling unit regardless of any provision in the rental agreement dealing with flags or decorations. The United States flag shall be displayed in accordance with s. 83.52(6). The landlord is not liable for damages caused by a United States flag displayed by a tenant. Any United States flag may not infringe upon the space rented by any other tenant.
- (5) A landlord of any dwelling unit governed by this part shall not remove the outside doors, locks, roof, walls, or windows of the unit except for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement; and the landlord shall not remove the tenant's personal property from the dwelling unit unless such action is taken after surrender, abandonment, recovery of possession of the dwelling unit due to the death of the last remaining tenant in accordance with s. 83.59(3)(d), or a lawful eviction. If provided in the rental agreement or a written agreement separate from the rental agreement, upon surrender or abandonment by the tenant, the landlord is not required to comply with s. 715.104 and is not liable or responsible for storage or disposition of the tenant's personal property; if provided in the rental agreement, there must be printed or clearly stamped on such rental agreement a legend in substantially the following form:

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BY SIGNING THIS RENTAL AGREEMENT, THE TENANT AGREES THAT UPON SURRENDER, ABANDONMENT, OR RECOVERY OF POSSESSION OF THE DWELLING UNIT DUE TO THE DEATH OF THE LAST REMAINING TENANT, AS PROVIDED BY CHAPTER 83, FLORIDA STATUTES, THE LANDLORD SHALL NOT BE LIABLE OR RESPONSIBLE FOR STORAGE OR DISPOSITION OF THE TENANT'S PERSONAL PROPERTY.

For the purposes of this section, abandonment shall be as set forth in s. 83.59(3)(c).

(6) A landlord who violates any provision of this section shall be liable to the tenant for actual and consequential damages or 3 months' rent, whichever is greater, and costs, including attorney's fees. Subsequent or repeated violations that are not contemporaneous with the initial violation shall be subject to separate awards of damages.

(7) A violation of this section constitutes irreparable harm for the purposes of injunctive relief.

(8) The remedies provided by this section are not exclusive and do not preclude the tenant from pursuing any other remedy at law or equity that the tenant may have. The remedies provided by this section shall also apply to a servicemember who is a prospective tenant who has been discriminated against under subsection (3). History.--s. 3, ch. 87-369; s. 7, ch. 88-379; s. 3, ch. 90-133; s. 3, ch. 96-146; s. 2, ch. 2001-179; s. 2, ch. 2003-30; s. 4, ch. 2003-72; s. 1, ch. 2004-236;

83.681 Orders to enjoin violations of this part.

- (1) A landlord who gives notice to a tenant of the landlord's intent to terminate the tenant's lease pursuant to s. 83.56(2)(a), due to the tenant's intentional destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's property may petition the county or circuit court for an injunction prohibiting the tenant from continuing to violate any of the provisions of that part. (2) The court shall grant the relief requested pursuant to subsection (1) in conformity with the principles that govern the granting of injunctive relief from threatened loss or damage in other civil cases.
- (3) Evidence of a tenant's intentional destruction, damage, or misuse of the landlord's property in an amount greater than twice the value of money deposited with the landlord pursuant to s. 83.49 or \$300, whichever is greater, shall constitute irreparable harm for the purposes of injunctive relief. History.--s. 8, ch. 93-255; s. 451, ch. 95-147.

83.682 Termination of rental agreement by a servicemember.

- (1) Any servicemember may terminate his or her rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice if any of the following criteria are met:
- (a) The servicemember is required, pursuant to a permanent change of station orders, to move 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises;
- (b) The servicemember is prematurely or involuntarily discharged or released from active duty or state active duty;
- (c) The servicemember is released from active duty or state active duty after having leased the rental premises while on active duty or state active duty status and the rental premises is 35 miles or more from the servicemember's home of record prior to entering active duty or state active duty;
- (d) After entering into a rental agreement, the servicemember receives military orders requiring him or her to move into government quarters or the servicemember becomes eligible to live in and opts to move into government quarters;
- (e) The servicemember receives temporary duty orders, temporary change of station orders, or state active duty orders to an area 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises, provided such orders are for a period exceeding 60 days; or
- (f) The servicemember has leased the property, but prior to taking possession of the rental premises, receives a change of orders to an area that is 35 miles or more from the location of the rental premises.
- (2) The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by either a copy of the official military orders or a written verification signed by the servicemember's commanding officer.
- (3) In the event a servicemember dies during active duty, an adult member of his or her immediate family may terminate the servicemember's rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice. The notice to the landlord must be accompanied by either a copy of the official military orders showing the servicemember was on active duty or a written verification signed by the servicemember's commanding officer and a copy of the servicemember's death certificate.
- (4) Upon termination of a rental agreement under this section, the tenant is liable for the rent due under the rental agreement prorated to the effective date of the termination payable at such time as would have otherwise been required by the terms of the rental agreement. The tenant is not liable for any other rent or damages due to the early termination of the tenancy as provided for in this section. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, if a tenant terminates the rental agreement pursuant to this section 14 or more days prior to occupancy, no damages or penalties of any kind will be assessable.
- (5) The provisions of this section may not be waived or modified by the agreement of the parties under any circumstances.

History.-s. 6, ch. 2001-179; s. 1, ch. 2002-4; s. 1, ch. 2003-30; s. 5, ch. 2003-72.